

**COMMITTEE ON RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE
OF THE
JUDICIAL CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES**

August 12, 2010

TO THE BENCH, BAR, AND PUBLIC:

Proposed Rules and Forms Amendments

The Judicial Conference Advisory Committees on the Bankruptcy and Criminal Rules have proposed amendments to federal rules and requested that the proposals be circulated to the bench, bar, and public for comment. The proposed amendments to the federal rules, with reports from each Advisory Committee, are posted on the Judiciary's Federal Rulemaking web site at <www.uscourts.gov/rules>. The Advisory Committees welcome comment on all aspects of each proposal.

Opportunity for Public Comment

Please provide any comments and suggestions on the proposed amendments, whether favorable, adverse, or otherwise, as soon as possible. **The comment deadline is February 16, 2011.** Comments, suggestions, or other correspondence may be submitted electronically to <Rules_Comments@ao.uscourts.gov> or in hard copy to the Secretary of the Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure, Administrative Office of the United States Courts, Washington, D.C. 20544. The Advisory Committees will review all timely comments. All comments are made part of the official record and are available to the public.

The Advisory Committees on the Bankruptcy and Criminal Rules will hold public hearings on the proposed amendments on the following dates:

- Bankruptcy Rules in San Francisco, California, on January 7, 2011,
and in
Washington, D.C., on February 4, 2011; and
- Criminal Rules in San Francisco, California, on January 5, 2011,
and in
- Atlanta, Georgia, on January 25, 2011.

If you wish to testify, you must contact the Committee Secretary at the above address **at least 30 days before the hearing.**

Memorandum to Bench, Bar, and Public
August 12, 2010
Page 2

After the public comment period, the Advisory Committees will decide whether to submit the proposed amendments to the Standing Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure. At present, the Standing Committee has not approved these proposed amendments, except to authorize their publication for comment. The proposed amendments have not been submitted to nor considered by the Judicial Conference or the Supreme Court.

Lee H. Rosenthal
Chair

Peter G. McCabe
Secretary

**PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL
RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE***

Rule 3001. Proof of Claim**

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(c) SUPPORTING INFORMATION.

(1) *Claim Based on a Writing.* Except for a claim governed by paragraph (3) of this subdivision, wWhen a claim, or an interest in property of the debtor securing the claim, is based on a writing, the original or a duplicate shall be filed with the proof of claim. If the writing has been lost or destroyed, a statement of the circumstances of the loss or destruction shall be filed with the claim.

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*New material is underlined; matter to be omitted is lined through.

**Incorporates amendments that are due to take effect on December 1, 2011, if approved by the Judicial Conference and the Supreme Court, and if Congress takes no action otherwise.

2 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

11 (3) Claim Based on an Open-End or Revolving
12 Consumer Credit Agreement.

13 (A) When a claim is based on an open-end or
14 revolving consumer credit agreement, a statement shall be
15 filed with the proof of claim including, as applicable, the
16 following information:

17 (i) the name of the entity from whom the
18 creditor purchased the account;

19 (ii) the name of the entity to whom the debt
20 was owed at the time of the last transaction on the account by
21 an account holder;

22 (iii) the date of the last transaction on the
23 account by an account holder;

24 (iv) the date of the last payment on the
25 account;

26 (v) the date on which the account was
27 charged to profit and loss.

28 (B) On written request, the holder of a claim based
29 on an open-end or revolving consumer credit agreement shall
30 provide a party in interest the documentation specified in
31 paragraph (1) of this subdivision.

32 * * * * *

COMMITTEE NOTE

Subdivision (c). Subdivision (c) is amended to add paragraph (3), which specifies information that must be provided in support of a claim based on an open-end or revolving consumer credit agreement (such as an agreement underlying the issuance of a credit card). Because a claim of this type may have been sold one or more times prior to the debtor’s bankruptcy, the debtor may not recognize the name of the person filing the proof of claim. Disclosure of the information required by paragraph (3) will assist the debtor in associating the claim with a known account. It will also provide a basis for assessing the timeliness of the claim. The date, if any, on which the account was charged to profit and loss (“charge-off” date) under subparagraph (A)(v) should be determined in accordance with applicable standards for the classification and account management of consumer credit.

To the extent that paragraph (3) applies to a claim, paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) is not applicable. A party in interest, however, may obtain the writing on which an open-end or revolving consumer credit claim is based by requesting in writing that documentation from the holder of the claim.

4 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

Rule 7054. Judgments; Costs

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(b) COSTS. The court may allow costs to the prevailing party except when a statute of the United States or these rules otherwise provides. Costs against the United States, its officers and agencies shall be imposed only to the extent permitted by law. Costs may be taxed by the clerk on ~~one day's~~ 14 days' notice; on motion served within ~~five~~ seven days thereafter, the action of the clerk may be reviewed by the court.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Subdivision (b). Subdivision (b) is amended to provide more time for a party to respond to the prevailing party's bill of costs. The former rule's provision of one day's notice was unrealistically short. The change to 14 days conforms to the change made to Civil Rule 54(d). Extension from five to seven days of the time for serving a motion for court review of the clerk's action implements changes in connection with the December 1, 2009, amendment to Rule 9006(a) and the manner by which time is computed under the rules. Throughout the rules, deadlines have been amended in the following manner:

- 5-day periods became 7-day periods
- 10-day periods became 14-day periods
- 15-day periods became 14-day periods
- 20-day periods became 21-day periods
- 25-day periods became 28-day periods

Rule 7056. Summary Judgment

1 Rule 56 F. R. Civ. P. applies in adversary proceedings,
2 except that any motion for summary judgment must be made
3 at least 30 days before the initial date set for an evidentiary
4 hearing on any issue for which summary judgment is sought,
5 unless a different time is set by local rule or the court orders
6 otherwise.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The only exception to complete adoption of Rule 56 F.R. Civ. P. involves the default deadline for filing a summary judgment motion. Rule 56(c)(1)(A) makes the default deadline 30 days after the close of all discovery. Because in bankruptcy cases hearings can occur shortly after the close of discovery, a default deadline based on the scheduled hearing date, rather than the close of discovery, is adopted. As with Rule 56(c)(1), the deadline can be altered either by local rule or court order.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT _____ DISTRICT OF _____		PROOF OF CLAIM
Name of Debtor:	Case Number:	
NOTE: Do not use this form to make a claim for an administrative expense that arises after the bankruptcy filing. You may file a request for payment of an administrative expense according to 11 U.S.C. § 503.		
Name of Creditor (the person or other entity to whom the debtor owes money or property):		
Name and address where notices should be sent:		COURT USE ONLY
Telephone number:	email:	<input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if this claim amends a previously filed claim. Court Claim Number: _____ (If known) Filed on: _____
Name and address where payment should be sent (if different from above):		<input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if you are aware that anyone else has filed a proof of claim relating to this claim. Attach copy of statement giving particulars. <input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if you are the debtor or trustee in this case.
Telephone number:		
email:		
1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed: \$ _____ If all or part of the claim is secured, complete item 4. If all or part of the claim is entitled to priority, complete item 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if the claim includes interest or other charges in addition to the principal amount of the claim. Attach a statement that itemizes interest or charges.		
2. Basis for Claim: _____ (See instruction #2)		
3. Last four digits of any number by which creditor identifies debtor: _____	3a. Debtor may have scheduled account as: _____ (See instruction #3a)	3b. Uniform Claim Identifier (optional): _____ (See instruction #3b)
4. Secured Claim (See instruction #4) Check the appropriate box if the claim is secured by a lien on property or a right of setoff, attach required redacted documents, and provide the requested information.		Amount of arrearage and other charges, as of the time case was filed, included in secured claim, if any: \$ _____
Nature of property or right of setoff: <input type="checkbox"/> Real Estate <input type="checkbox"/> Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> Other Describe: _____		Basis for perfection: _____
Value of Property: \$ _____		Amount of Secured Claim: \$ _____
Annual Interest Rate _____ % <input type="checkbox"/> Fixed or <input type="checkbox"/> Variable (when case was filed)		Amount Unsecured: \$ _____
5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority under 11 U.S.C. §507(a). If any part of the claim falls into one of the following categories, check the box specifying the priority and state the amount.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Domestic support obligations under 11 U.S.C. §507(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B).	<input type="checkbox"/> Wages, salaries, or commissions (up to \$11,725*) earned within 180 days before the case was filed or the debtor's business ceased, whichever is earlier— 11 U.S.C. §507 (a)(4).	<input type="checkbox"/> Contributions to an employee benefit plan— 11 U.S.C. §507 (a)(5).
<input type="checkbox"/> Up to \$2,600* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use— 11 U.S.C. §507(a)(7).	<input type="checkbox"/> Taxes or penalties owed to governmental units— 11 U.S.C. §507 (a)(8).	<input type="checkbox"/> Other— Specify applicable paragraph of 11 U.S.C. §507 (a)(____).
		Amount entitled to priority: \$ _____
*Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/1/13 and every 3 years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.		
6. Credits. The amount of all payments on this claim has been credited for the purpose of making this proof of claim. (See instruction #6)		

7. Documents: Attached are redacted copies of any documents that support the claim, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, and security agreements. If the claim is secured, box 4 has been completed, and redacted copies of documents providing evidence of perfection of a security interest are attached. (See instruction #7, and the definition of "redacted.")

DO NOT SEND ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS. ATTACHED DOCUMENTS MAY BE DESTROYED AFTER SCANNING.

If the documents are not available, please explain:

8. Signature: (See instruction #8)

Check the appropriate box.

- I am the creditor. I am the creditor's authorized agent. I am the trustee, or the debtor. I am a guarantor, surety, indorser, or other codebtor.
 (Attach copy of power of attorney, if any.) (See Bankruptcy Rule 3004.) (See Bankruptcy Rule 3005.)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this claim is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and reasonable belief.

Print Name: _____
 Title: _____
 Company: _____
 Address and telephone number (if different from notice address above): _____

 (Signature) (Date)

Telephone number: _____ email: _____

Penalty for presenting fraudulent claim: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROOF OF CLAIM FORM

The instructions and definitions below are general explanations of the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases not filed voluntarily by the debtor, exceptions to these general rules may apply.

Items to be completed in Proof of Claim form

Court, Name of Debtor, and Case Number:

Fill in the federal judicial district in which the bankruptcy case was filed (for example, Central District of California), the debtor's full name, and the case number. If the creditor received a notice of the case from the bankruptcy court, all of this information is at the top of the notice.

Creditor's Name and Address:

Fill in the name of the person or entity asserting a claim and the name and address of the person who should receive notices issued during the bankruptcy case. A separate space is provided for the payment address if it differs from the notice address. The creditor has a continuing obligation to keep the court informed of its current address. See Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g).

1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed:

State the total amount owed to the creditor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. Follow the instructions concerning whether to complete items 4 and 5. Check the box if interest or other charges are included in the claim.

2. Basis for Claim:

State the type of debt or how it was incurred. Examples include goods sold, money loaned, services performed, personal injury/wrongful death, car loan, mortgage note, and credit card. If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services so as to avoid embarrassment or the disclosure of confidential health care information. You may be required to provide additional disclosure if an interested party objects to the claim.

3. Last Four Digits of Any Number by Which Creditor Identifies Debtor:

State only the last four digits of the debtor's account or other number used by the creditor to identify the debtor.

3a. Debtor May Have Scheduled Account As:

Report a change in the creditor's name, a transferred claim, or any other information that clarifies a difference between this proof of claim and the claim as scheduled by the debtor.

3b. Uniform Claim Identifier:

If you use a uniform claim identifier, you may report it here. A uniform claim identifier is an optional 24-character identifier that certain large creditors use to facilitate electronic payment in chapter 13 cases.

4. Secured Claim:

Check whether the claim is fully or partially secured. Skip this section if the claim is entirely unsecured. (See Definitions.) If the claim is secured, check the box for the nature and value of property that secures the claim, attach copies of lien documentation, and state, as of the date of the bankruptcy filing, the annual interest rate (and whether it is fixed or variable), and the amount past due on the claim.

5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority Under 11 U.S.C. §507(a).

If any portion of the claim falls into any category shown, check the appropriate box(es) and state the amount entitled to priority. (See Definitions.) A claim may be partly priority and partly non-priority. For example, in some of the categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.

6. Credits:

An authorized signature on this proof of claim serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

7. Documents:

Attach redacted copies of any documents that show the debt exists and a lien secures the debt. You must also attach copies of documents that evidence perfection of any security interest. You may also attach a summary in addition to the documents themselves. FRBP 3001(c) and (d). If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit disclosing confidential health care information. Do not send original documents, as attachments may be destroyed after scanning.

8. Date and Signature:

The individual completing this proof of claim must sign and date it. FRBP 9011. If the claim is filed electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what constitutes a signature. If you sign this form, you declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and correct to the best of your knowledge, information, and reasonable belief. Your signature is also a certification that the claim meets the requirements of FRBP 9011(b). Whether the claim is filed electronically or in person, if your name is on the signature line, you are responsible for the declaration. Print the name and title, if any, of the creditor or other person authorized to file this claim. State the filer's address and telephone number if it differs from the address given on the top of the form for purposes of receiving notices. If the claim is filed by an authorized agent, attach a complete copy of any power of attorney, and provide both the name of the individual filing the claim and the name of the agent. If the authorized agent is a servicer, identify the corporate servicer as the company. Criminal penalties apply for making a false statement on a proof of claim.

DEFINITIONS

INFORMATION

Debtor

A debtor is the person, corporation, or other entity that has filed a bankruptcy case.

Creditor

A creditor is a person, corporation, or other entity to whom the debtor owes a debt that was incurred before the date of the bankruptcy filing. See 11 U.S.C. §101 (10).

Claim

A claim is the creditor's right to receive payment for a debt owed by the debtor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. See 11 U.S.C. §101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

Proof of Claim

A proof of claim is a form used by the creditor to indicate the amount of the debt owed by the debtor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. The creditor must file the form with the clerk of the same bankruptcy court in which the bankruptcy case was filed.

Secured Claim Under 11 U.S.C. §506(a)

A secured claim is one backed by a lien on property of the debtor. The claim is secured so long as the creditor has the right to be paid from the property prior to other creditors. The amount of the secured claim cannot exceed the value of the property. Any amount owed to the creditor in excess of the value of the property is an unsecured claim. Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car. A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment is a lien.

A claim also may be secured if the creditor owes the debtor money (has a right to setoff).

Unsecured Claim

An unsecured claim is one that does not meet the requirements of a secured claim. A claim may be partly unsecured if the amount of the claim exceeds the value of the property on which the creditor has a lien.

Claim Entitled to Priority Under 11 U.S.C. §507(a)

Priority claims are certain categories of unsecured claims that are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims.

Redacted

A document has been redacted when the person filing it has masked, edited out, or otherwise deleted, certain information. A creditor must show only the last four digits of any social-security, individual's tax-identification, or financial-account number, only the initials of a minor's name, and only the year of any person's date of birth. If the claim is based on the delivery of health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services so as to avoid embarrassment or the disclosure of confidential health care information.

Evidence of Perfection

Evidence of perfection may include a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document showing that the lien has been filed or recorded.

Acknowledgment of Filing of Claim

To receive acknowledgment of your filing, you may either enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and a copy of this proof of claim or you may access the court's PACER system (www.pacer.psc.uscourts.gov) for a small fee to view your filed proof of claim.

Offers to Purchase a Claim

Certain entities are in the business of purchasing claims for an amount less than the face value of the claims. One or more of these entities may contact the creditor and offer to purchase the claim. Some of the written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court or the debtor. The creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if the creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of such claim is subject to FRBP 3001(e), any applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.*), and any applicable orders of the bankruptcy court.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form is amended in several respects. A new section – 3b – is added to allow the reporting of a uniform claim identifier. This identifier, consisting of 24 characters, is used by some creditors to facilitate automated receipt, distribution, and posting of payments made by means of electronic funds transfers by chapter 13 trustees. Creditors are not required to use a uniform claim identifier.

Language is added to section 4 to clarify that the annual interest rate that must be reported for a secured claim is the rate applicable at the time the bankruptcy case was filed. Check boxes for indicating whether the interest rate is fixed or variable are also added.

Section 7 of the form is revised to clarify that, consistent with Rule 3001(c), writings supporting a claim or evidencing perfection of a security interest must be attached to the proof of claim. If the documents are not available, the filer must provide an explanation for their absence. The instructions for this section of the form explain that summaries of supporting documents may be attached only in addition to the documents themselves.

Section 8 – the date and signature box – is revised to include a declaration that is intended to impress upon the filer the duty of care that must be exercised in filing a proof of claim. The individual who completes the form must sign it. By doing so, he or she declares under penalty of perjury that the information provided “is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and reasonable belief.” That individual must also provide identifying information – name, title, company, address, and telephone number (if not already provided) – and indicate by checking the appropriate box the basis on which he or she is filing the proof of claim (for example, as creditor or authorized agent for the creditor). When a servicing agent files a proof of claim on behalf of a creditor, the individual completing the form must sign it and must provide his or her own name, as well as the name of the company that is the servicing agent.

Amendments are made to the instructions that reflect the changes made to the form, and stylistic and formatting changes are made to the form and instructions.

Mortgage Proof of Claim Attachment

If you file a claim secured by a security interest in the debtor's principal residence, you must use this form as an attachment to your proof of claim. See Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c)(2).

Name of debtor: _____ Case number: _____

Name of creditor: _____ Last four digits of any number you use to identify the debtor's account: _____

Part 1: Statement of Principal and Interest Due as of the Petition Date

Itemize the principal and interest due on the claim as of the petition date (included in the Amount of Claim listed in Item 1 on your Proof of Claim form).

1. Principal due					\$ _____
2. Interest due	Interest rate	From mm/dd/yyyy	To mm/dd/yyyy	Amount	
	_____ %	___/___/___	___/___/___	\$ _____	
	_____ %	___/___/___	___/___/___	\$ _____	
	_____ %	___/___/___	___/___/___	+ \$ _____	
		Total interest due as of the petition date		\$ _____	Copy total here ► + \$ _____
3. Total principal and interest due					\$ _____

Part 2: Statement of Prepetition Fees, Expenses, and Charges

Itemize the fees, expenses, and charges incurred in connection with the claim as of the petition date (included in the Amount of Claim listed in Item 1 on the Proof of Claim form).

Description	Dates incurred	Amount
Late charges	_____	\$ _____
Non-sufficient funds (NSF) fees	_____	\$ _____
Attorney's fees	_____	\$ _____
Filing fees and court costs	_____	\$ _____
Advertisement costs	_____	\$ _____
Sheriff/auctioneer fees	_____	\$ _____
Title costs	_____	\$ _____
Recording fees	_____	\$ _____
Appraisal/broker's price opinion fees	_____	\$ _____
Property inspection fees	_____	\$ _____
Tax advances (non-escrow)	_____	\$ _____
Insurance advances (non-escrow)	_____	\$ _____
Escrow shortage or deficiency (not included in payments due)	_____	\$ _____
Property preservation expenses. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Other. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Other. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Other. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Total prepetition fees, expenses, and charges. Add all of the amounts listed above.		+ \$ _____
		\$ _____

Part 3. Statement of Amount Necessary to Cure Default as of the Petition Date

Does the installment payment amount include an escrow deposit?

- No
- Yes. Attach to the Proof of Claim form an escrow account statement prepared as of the petition date in a form consistent with applicable nonbankruptcy law.

1. **Installment payments due** Date last payment received by creditor / /

Number of installment payments due _____

2. **Amount of installment payments due** _____ installments @ \$ _____

_____ installments @ \$ _____

_____ installments @ + \$ _____

Total installment payments due as of the petition date \$ _____

Copy total here ▶ \$ _____

Add total prepetition fees, expenses, and charges

Copy total from Part 2 here ▶ + \$ _____

Subtract total of unapplied funds (funds received but not credited to account)

- \$ _____

Total amount necessary to cure default as of the petition date

\$ _____

Copy total onto Item 4 of Proof of Claim form

COMMITTEE NOTE

This form is new. It must be completed and attached to a proof of claim secured by a security interest in a debtor's principal residence. The form, which implements Rule 3001(c)(2), requires an itemization of prepetition interest, fees, expenses, and charges included in the claim amount, as well as a statement of the amount necessary to cure any default as of the petition date. If the mortgage installment payments include an escrow deposit, an escrow account statement must also be attached to the proof of claim, as required by Rule 3001(c)(2)(C).

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

_____ District of _____

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____
Chapter 13

Notice of Mortgage Payment Change

If you file a claim secured by a security interest in the debtor's principal residence provided for under the debtor's plan pursuant to § 1322(b)(5), you must use this form to give notice of any changes in the installment payment amount. File this form as a supplement to your proof of claim at least 21 days before the new payment amount is due. See Bankruptcy Rule 3002.1.

Name of creditor: _____ Court claim no. (if known): _____

Last four digits of any number
you use to identify the debtor's
account: _____

Date of payment change:
Must be at least 21 days after date
of this notice _____/_____/_____

New total payment: \$ _____
Principal, interest, and escrow, if
any

Part 1: Escrow Account Payment Adjustment

Will there be a change in the debtor's escrow account payment?

- No
- Yes. Attach a copy of the escrow account statement, prepared according to applicable nonbankruptcy law. Describe the basis for the change. If a statement is not attached, explain why: _____

Current escrow payment: \$ _____ New escrow payment: \$ _____

Part 2: Mortgage Payment Adjustment

Will the debtor's principal and interest payment change based on an adjustment to the interest rate in the debtor's variable-rate note?

- No
- Yes. Attach a copy of the rate change notice, prepared according to applicable nonbankruptcy law. Describe the basis for the change. If a notice is not attached, explain why: _____

Current interest rate: _____% New interest rate: _____%

Current principal and interest payment: \$ _____ New principal and interest payment: \$ _____

Part 3: Other Payment Change

Will there be a change in the debtor's mortgage payment for a reason not listed above?

- No
- Yes. Attach a copy of any documents describing the basis for the change, such as a repayment plan or loan modification agreement. (Court approval may be required before the payment change can take effect.)

Reason for change: _____

Current mortgage payment: \$ _____ New mortgage payment: \$ _____

Part 4: Sign Here

The person completing this Notice must sign it. Sign and print your name and your title, if any, and state your address and telephone number if different from the notice address listed on the proof of claim to which this Supplement applies.

Check the appropriate box.

- I am the creditor.
- I am the creditor's authorized agent.
(Attach copy of power of attorney, if any.)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this claim is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and reasonable belief.

X _____ Date ____/____/____
 Signature

Print: _____ Title _____
 First Name Middle Name Last Name

Company _____

Address _____
 Number Street

City State ZIP Code

Contact phone (____) ____-____ Email _____

COMMITTEE NOTE

This form is new and applies in chapter 13 cases. It implements Rule 3002.1, which requires the holder of a claim secured by a security interest in the debtor's principal residence – or the holder's agent – to provide notice at least 21 days prior to a change in the amount of the ongoing mortgage installment payments. The form requires the holder of the claim to indicate the basis for the changed payment amount and when it will take effect. The notice must be filed as a supplement to the claim holder's proof of claim, and it must be served on the debtor, debtor's counsel, and the trustee.

The individual completing the form must sign and date it. By doing so, he or she declares under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and correct to the best of that individual's knowledge, information, and reasonable belief. The signature is also a certification that the standards of FRBP 9011(b) are satisfied.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

_____ District of _____

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____

Chapter 13

Notice of Postpetition Mortgage Fees, Expenses, and Charges

If you hold a claim secured by a security interest in the debtor's principal residence, you must use this form to give notice of any postpetition fees, expenses, and charges that you assert are recoverable against the debtor or against the debtor's principal residence. File this form as a supplement to your proof of claim. See Bankruptcy Rule 3002.1.

Name of creditor: _____

Court claim no. (if known): _____

Last four digits of any number you use to identify the debtor's account: _____

Does this notice supplement a prior notice of postpetition fees, expenses, and charges?

- No
 Yes. Date of the last notice: ____/____/____

Part 1: Itemize Postpetition Fees, Expenses, and Charges

Itemize the fees, expenses, and charges incurred on the debtor's mortgage account after the petition was filed. Do not include any escrow account disbursements or any amounts previously itemized in a notice filed in this case or ruled on by the bankruptcy court.

Description	Dates incurred	Amount
Late charges	_____	\$ _____
Non-sufficient funds (NSF) fees	_____	\$ _____
Attorney fees	_____	\$ _____
Filing fees and court costs	_____	\$ _____
Bankruptcy/Proof of claim fees	_____	\$ _____
Appraisal/Broker's price opinion fees	_____	\$ _____
Property inspection fees	_____	\$ _____
Tax advances (non-escrow)	_____	\$ _____
Insurance advances (non-escrow)	_____	\$ _____
Property preservation expenses. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Other. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Other. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Other. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____
Other. Specify: _____	_____	\$ _____

The debtor or trustee may challenge whether the fees, expenses, and charges you listed are required to be paid. See 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5) and Bankruptcy Rule 3002.1.

Part 2: Sign Here

The person completing this Notice must sign it. Sign and print your name and your title, if any, and state your address and telephone number if different from the notice address listed on the proof of claim to which this Supplement applies.

Check the appropriate box.

- I am the creditor.
- I am the creditor's authorized agent.
(Attach copy of power of attorney, if any.)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this claim is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and reasonable belief.

X _____ Date / /
 Signature

Print: _____ Title _____
 First Name Middle Name Last Name

Company _____

Address _____
 Number Street

 City State ZIP Code

Contact phone (____) ____-____ Email _____

COMMITTEE NOTE

This form is new and applies in chapter 13 cases. It implements Rule 3002.1, which requires the holder of a claim secured by a security interest in the debtor's principal residence – or the holder's agent – to file a notice of all postpetition fees, expenses, and charges within 180 days after they are incurred. The notice must be filed as a supplement to the claim holder's proof of claim, and it must be served on the debtor, debtor's counsel, and the trustee.

The individual completing the form must sign and date it. By doing so, he or she declares under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and correct to the best of that individual's knowledge, information, and reasonable belief. The signature is also a certification that the standards of FRBP 9011(b) are satisfied.

United States Bankruptcy Court

_____ District of _____

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____

Small Business Case under Chapter 11

[NAME OF PROPONENT]'S PLAN OF REORGANIZATION, DATED [INSERT DATE]

* * * * *

**ARTICLE VIII
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

* * * * *

1 8.02 Effective Date of Plan. The effective date of this Plan is the
2 ~~eleventh~~ first business day following the date that is fourteen days
3 after ~~of~~ the entry of the order of confirmation. ~~But if, however, a~~
4 stay of the confirmation order is in effect on that date, the effective
5 date will be the first business day after ~~that~~ date on which ~~no~~the
6 stay of the confirmation order expires or is otherwise terminated is
7 ~~in effect, provided that the confirmation order has not been~~
8 vacated.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Provision 8.02 of Article VIII of the form, which specifies the plan's effective date, is amended to reflect the change in the time periods of Rules 3020(e) and 8002(a) for a stay of the confirmation order and the filing of a notice of appeal. As of December 1, 2009, both time periods were increased from ten to fourteen days. The effective date of the plan will generally be the first business day after those time periods expire. Accordingly, the effective date of the plan is extended to the first business day following the date that is fourteen days after the entry of the order of confirmation. If, however, a stay of the confirmation order remains in effect on the specified effective date, the plan will instead go into effect on the first business day after the stay expires or is terminated, so long as the order of confirmation has not been vacated.